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# Komunikacije i informatika

## - predstavljanje kolegija



Osijek, rujan 2020.



# Predstavljanje

## SADRŽAJ

- Multimedijiški sustavi
- Mobilne komunikacije
- Komunikacijski sustavi
- Optoelektroničke komunikacije
- Kodovi i kodiranje
- Sigurnost računalnih sustava i mreža





# Predstavljanje kolegija



## Multimedijski sustavi

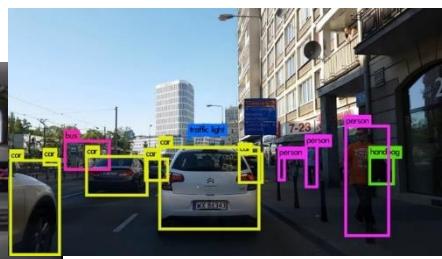


# Multimedijski sustavi

Cilj kolegije je upoznati studente s:

- karakteristikama analognih signala kojima se predstavljaju različiti tipovi medija;
- karakteristikama ljudskog audio-vizualnog sustava;
- principima digitalizacije pojedinih signala;
- naprednim algoritmima za kompresiju slike, audia i videa;
- mrežnim protokolima i zahtjevima na kvalitetu kod prijenosa multimedije

sa svrhom primjene stečenog znanja u projektiranju, implementaciji i održavanju sustava sa multimedijskim i interaktivnim uslugama.

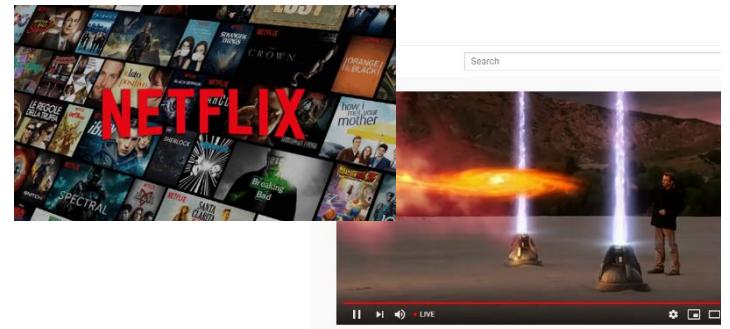


Autoindustrija –  
4 „infotainment”, ADAS sustavi

## Videokonferencije



Digitalna televizija



Discovery of Alien Planets in our Solar System - Planets that Exist Outside Earth's Sol System

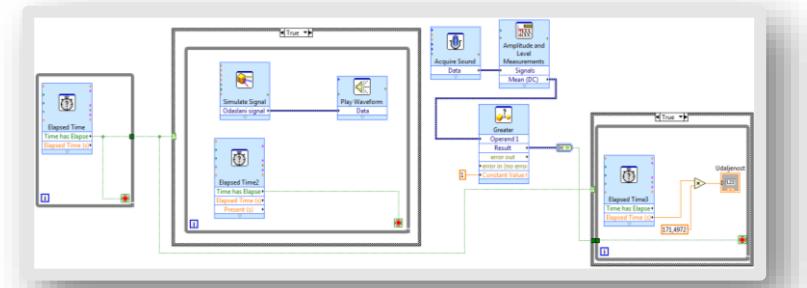
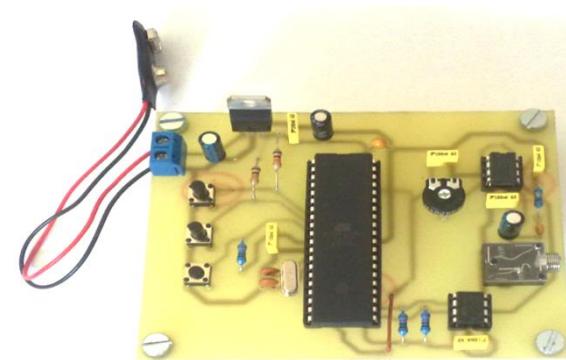


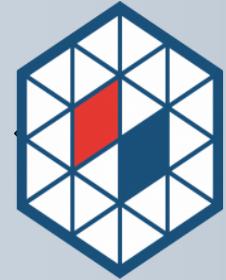
Videostrujanje,  
video na  
zahtjev



# Multimedijski sustavi

- Diplomski studij, DKA i DKB izborni blok,  
2. semestar
- Predavanja 45 sati, LV 15 sati, KV 15 sati
- Izrada projekta u okviru KV
  - Primjeri:
    - OCR algoritam za prepoznavanje registracijskih oznaka automobila
    - Mikrokontrolerski R2R dekoder digitaliziranog zapisa u EEPROM memoriji
    - Algoritmi za detekciju lica u sceni
    - Otkrivanje pogrešaka u videu nastalih zbog prijenosa mrežom





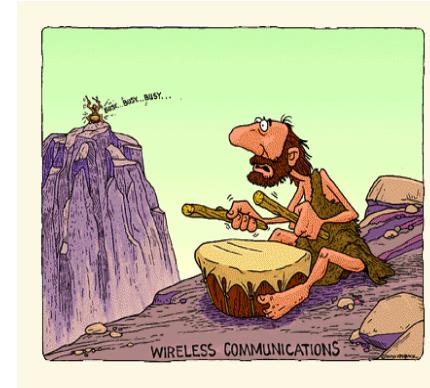
# Predstavljanje kolegija

## Mobilne komunikacije

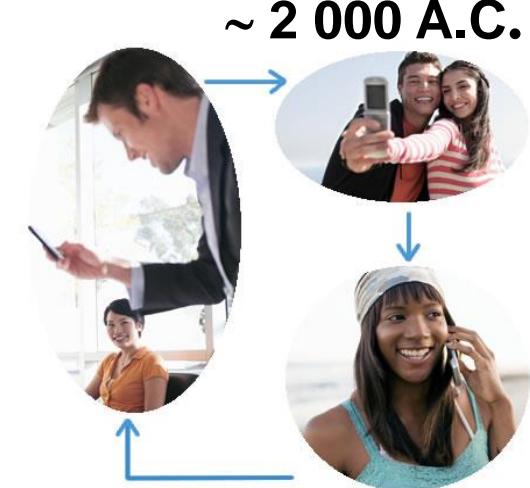


# Mobilne komunikacije

- Diplomski studij, 3. semestar
- 45 sati predavanja,  
15 sati AV, 15 sati LV
- Cilj kolegija je upoznati studente s:
  - modeliranjem mobilnog komunikacijskog kanala i utjecajem uvjeta propagacije na dizajn mobilnih mreža;
  - značajkama celularnih mreža;
  - proračunom osnovnih parametara radijskog sučelja na temelju propagacijskih modela;
  - mobilnim 2G, 3G, 4G i 5G mrežama;
  - primjenom Restcomm open source platforme za razvoj telekomunikacijskih rješenja.



~ 20 000 B.C.



# Evolution of mobile phone communications

1980



1990

- First UK mobile phone call

**1G - TACS**



2000

Analogni prijenos glasa, nema prijenosa podataka

**2G - GSM/GPRS/EDGE**

- 3G spectrum auction



**3G - WCDMA/HSPA/HSP**

Digitalni prijenos glasa, prijenos podataka do 236 kb/s

Dig. prijenos glasa, podatci do 42 Mb/s

- 4G spectrum auction

- 2.3 GHz & 3.4 GHz auction

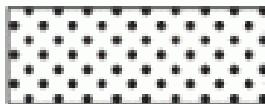


**4G - LTE/LTE Advance**

Dig. prijenos glasa, podatci do 150 Mb/s

**5G**

Ultra-veliki broj veza, brzine nekoliko stotina Mb/s, malo kašnjenje



research &  
standardisation



commercialisation



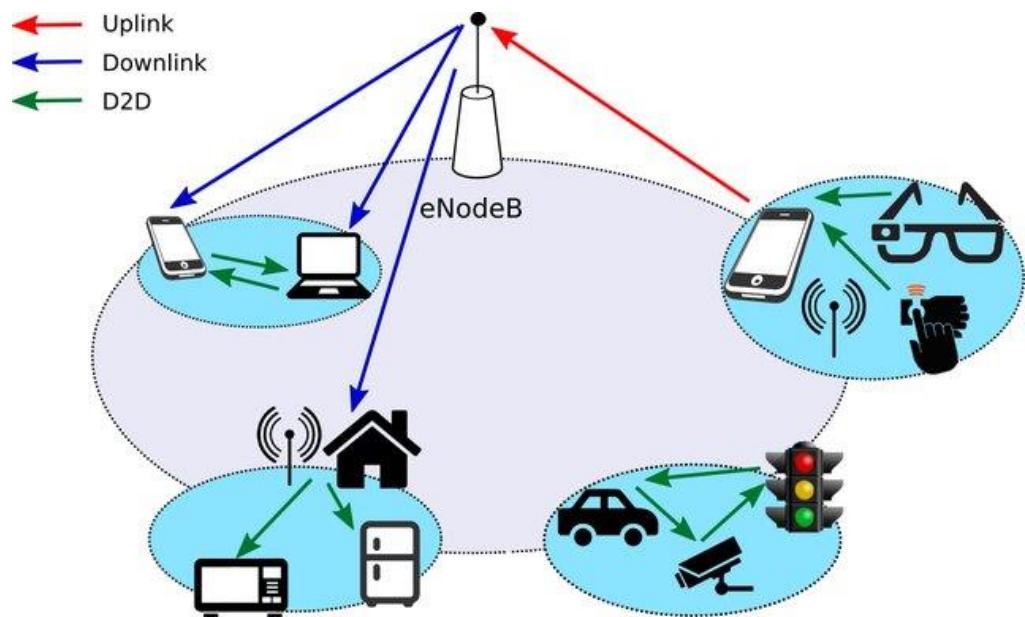
# Predstavljanje kolegija

## Komunikacijski sustavi

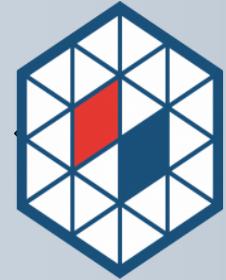


# Komunikacijski sustavi

- Preddiplomski studij, 5. semestar
- 45 sati predavanja,  
15 sati AV, 15 sati LV
- Kolegij daje teorijska i praktična znanja o fizičkom sloju komunikacijskih sustava:
  - Spektralna analiza signala i mjerjenje spektra;
  - Prijenosni vodovi (parice, koaksijalni kabeli);
  - Modulacijski postupci;
  - Osnove radiokomunikacijskih sustava (antene, prostiranje radiovala, proračun radioveze);
  - Širokopojasni komunikacijski sustavi.



**Komunikacije 21. stoljeća**



# Predstavljanje kolegija

**Optoelektroničke  
komunikacije**



# Prve optičke komunikacije

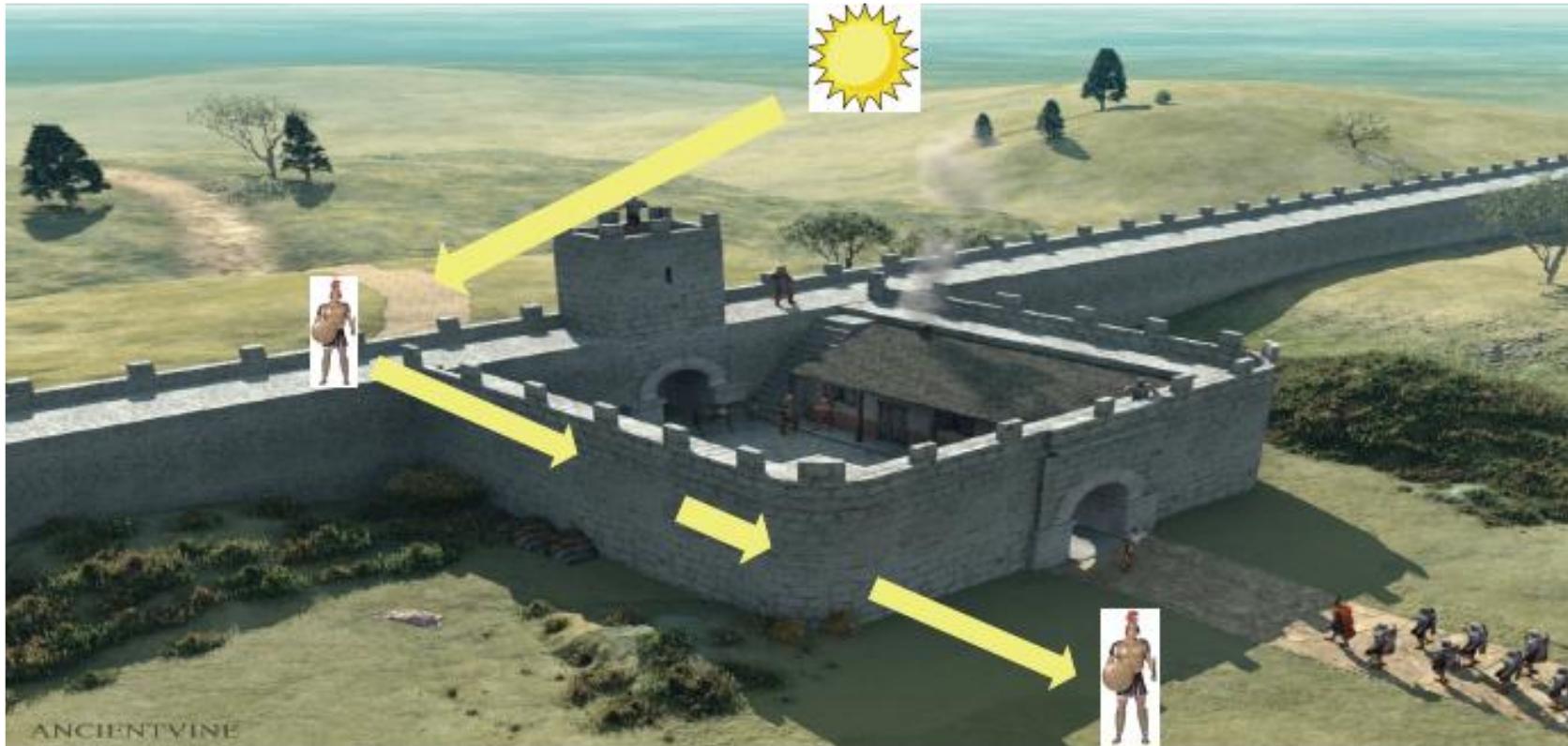
## Povijesni pregled

- Prvi optički signali - **dimni signali**
  - Kinezi, Egipćani, Asirci, Grci
- **Antika**
  - Baklje na vrhovima planina
  - Svjetionici (Antička Grčka, Otok Pharos)
  - Jednostavna zrcala





# Prve optičke komunikacije



ANCIENT VINE

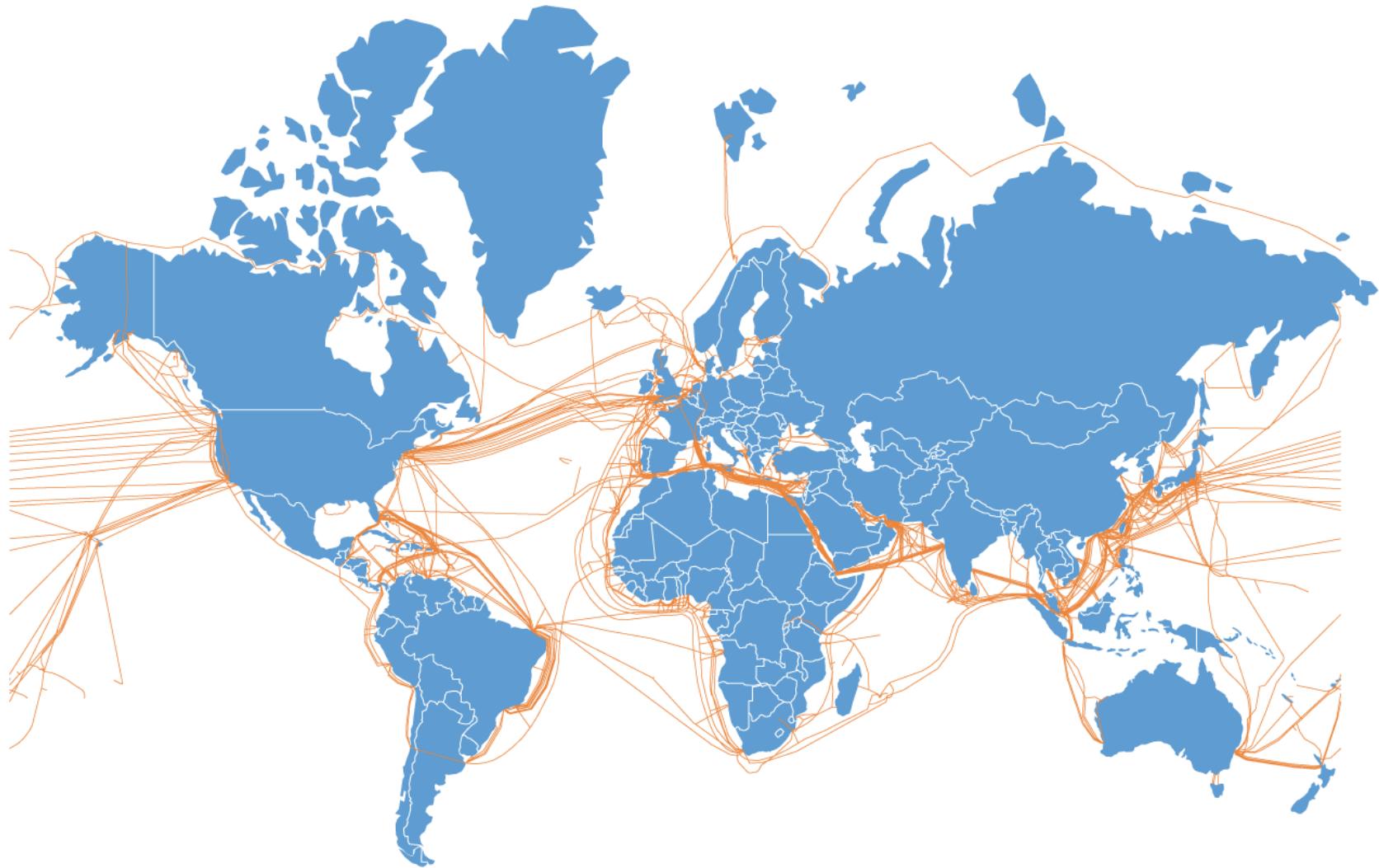
- Carrier
- Modulator
- Detector

- Channel = Air
- Speed of Light  
300,000,000m/s

- Distance = 1km
- $V=d/t \Rightarrow t= 3.3 \mu s$



# Današnja podmorska mreža optičkih kabela





# Optoelektronički komunikacijski sustavi

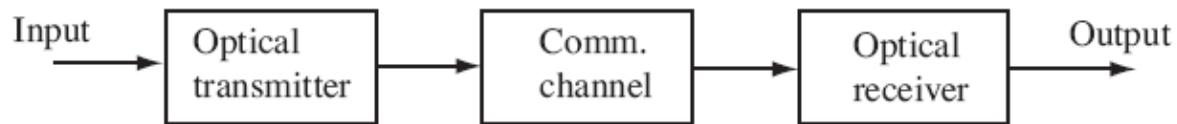
**Why Fiber Optic Network**  
is High Speed Internet Connection

- Fastest Speed
- More Reliability
- Temperature Fluctuation
- Cost

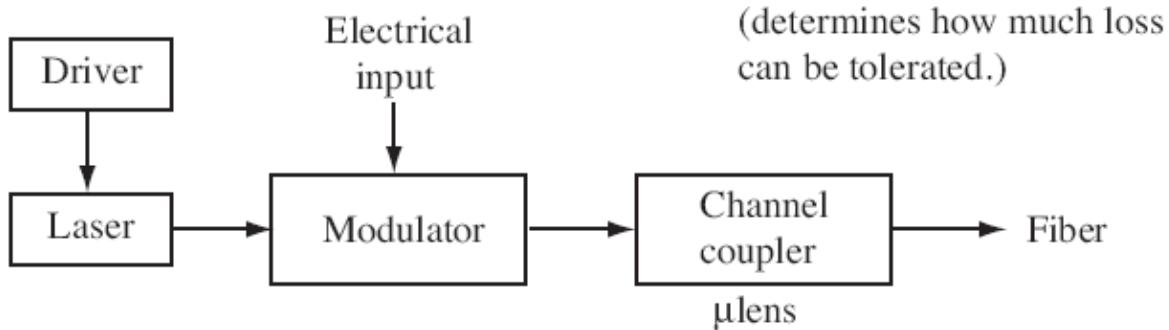
The diagram illustrates a computer system (monitor, keyboard, mouse) connected by a network of thick, colorful arrows (red, green, blue, yellow) that curve around the machine, symbolizing the flow of data. A prominent red arrow points from the left side of the slide towards the computer setup, emphasizing the speed and reliability of fiber optic networks.



# Optoelektronički komunikacijski sustavi



- Transmitter



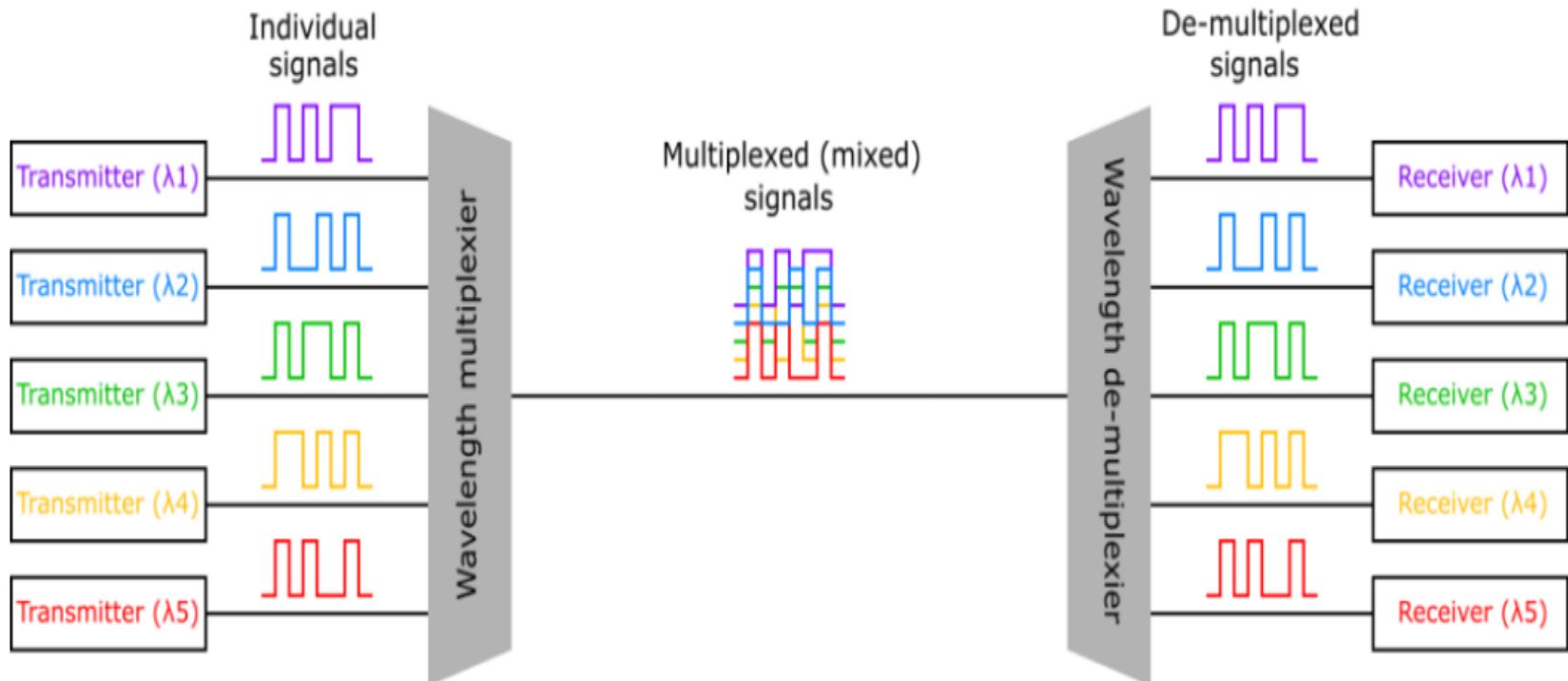
$$\text{Power (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{power}}{1 \text{ mW}} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ mW} &\rightarrow 0 \text{ dBm} \\ 1 \mu\text{W} &\rightarrow -30 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LED} &\sim -10 \text{ dBm} \\ \text{Laser diode} &\sim 10 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

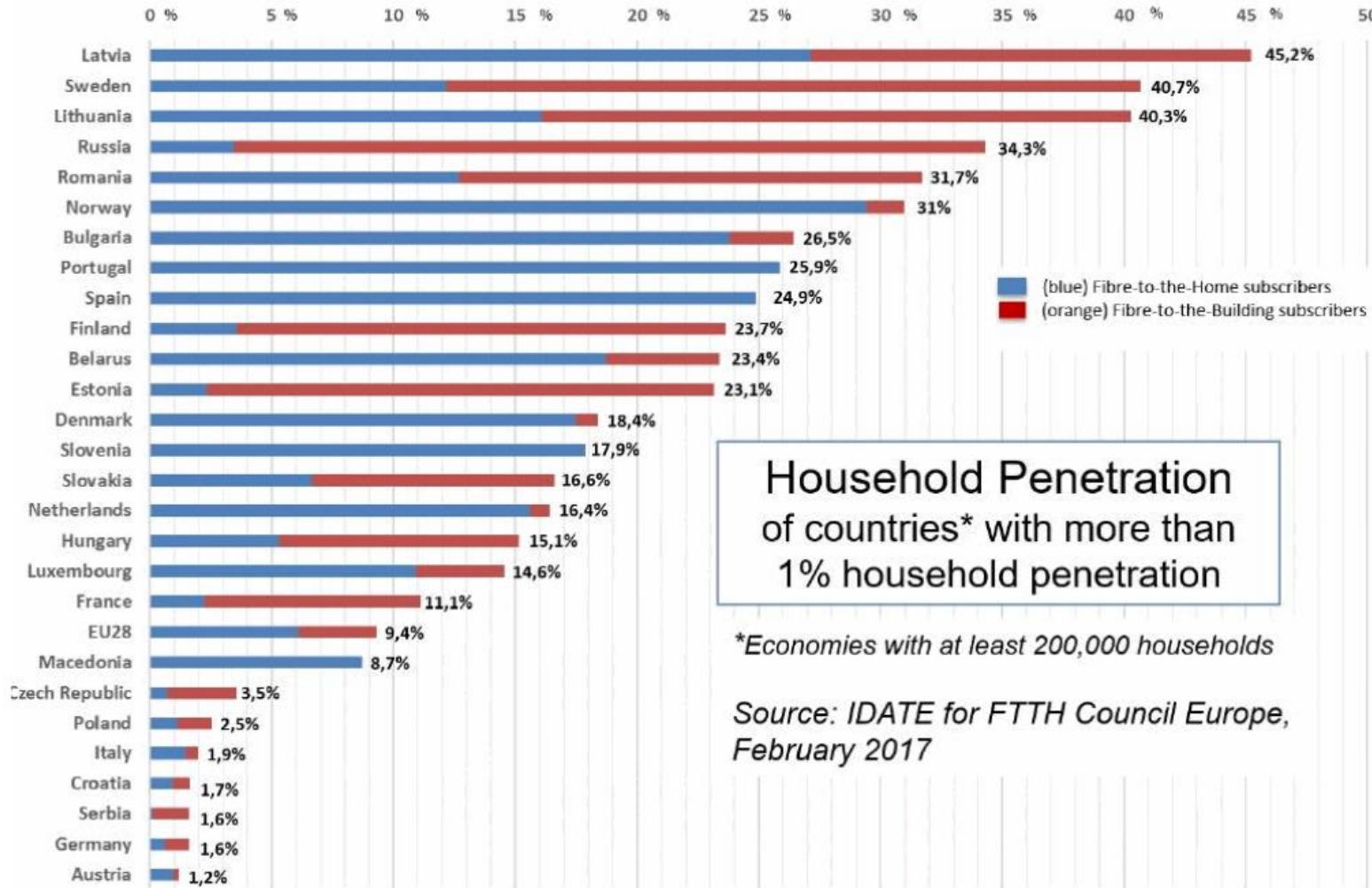


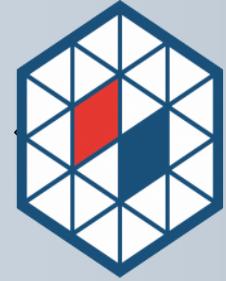
# Višekanalni optoelektronički komunikacijski sustavi





# Razvoj optoelektroničkih komunikacijskih sustava





# Predstavljanje kolegija

## Kodovi i kodiranje



# Kodovi i kodiranje

- Satnica 3+1+1
- Predavanja:  
prof.dr.sc. Drago Žagar  
izv.prof.dr.sc. Krešimir Grgić
- Auditorne vježbe:  
doc.dr.sc. Višnja Križanović
- Laboratorijske vježbe:  
Jelena Vlaović, mag. ing. el.



# Kodovi i kodiranje

- Informacija i komunikacije.
- Kodiranje informacije na izvorištu.
- Optimalno kodiranje.
- Zaštitno kodiranje.
- Primjena algebre u zaštiti informacije.
- Blok kodovi.
- Kodovi s kontrolom pariteta: paritet s jednim bitom, kodovi s križnim prioritetom, binarni kodovi s ponavljanjem, binarni kodovi s ponavljanjem i paritetom.
- Hammingovi kodovi.



# Kodovi i kodiranje

- Binarni linearni kodovi.
- Ciklički kodovi.
- Primjena pomačnih registara za kodiranje i dekodiranje kodova.
- BCH - Bose-Chaudhury- Hocquenghem kod.
- Peterson-Gorenstein-Zierler dekoder.
- Konvolucijski kodovi.
- Viterbijev dekoder.
- Primjena kodova u računarstvu i komunikacijama.
- Kodovi za zaštitu integriteta podataka



# Kodovi i kodiranje

- Osnovni zadatak svakog komunikacijskog sustava je *efikasan* prijenos raznih vijesti od jednog objekta ili sudionika do drugog
- Efikasnost prijenosa se očituje u prijenosu *što više istinitih podataka u zadanom vremenu*



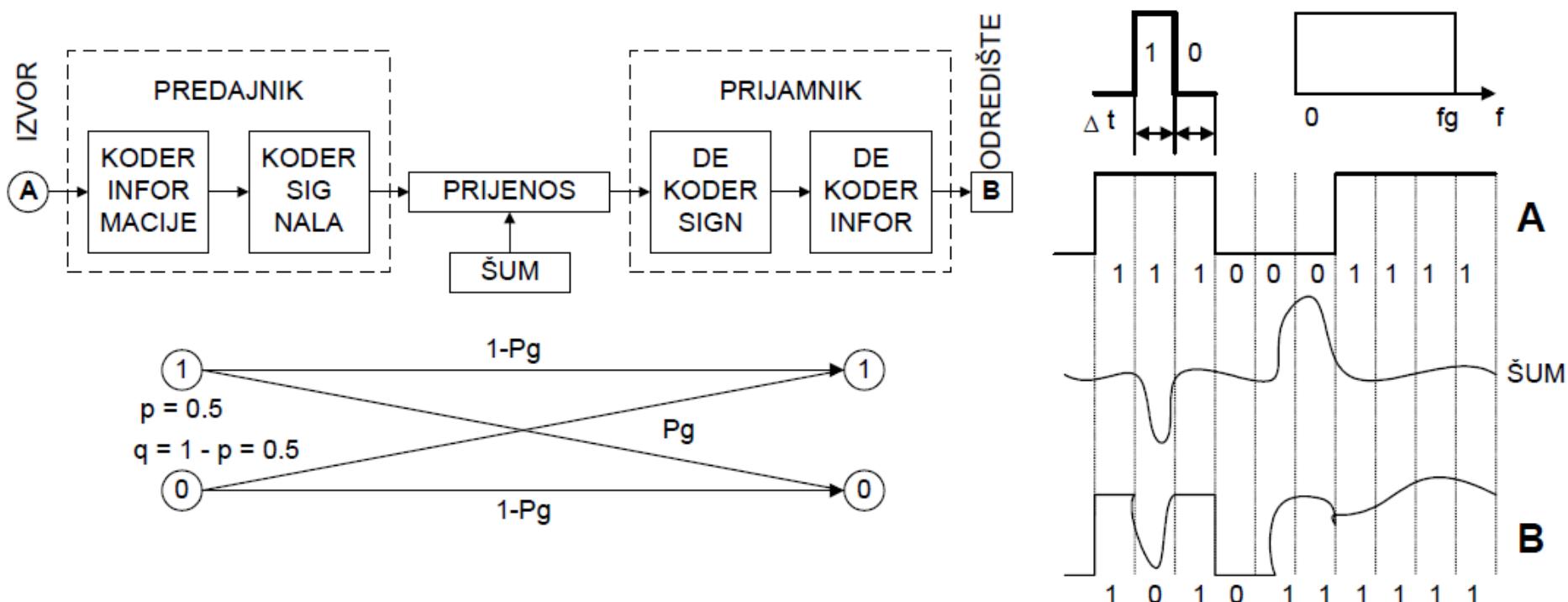
# Kodovi i kodiranje





# Kodovi i kodiranje

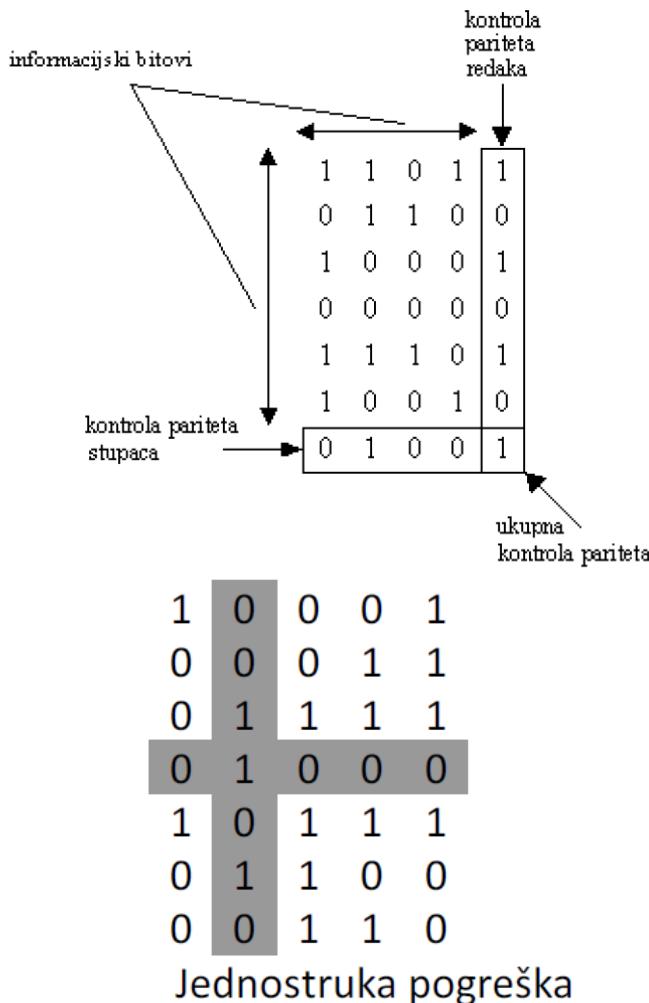
Primjer: Binarni simetrični izvor, binarni simetrični kanal



$$\text{Npr. } f_g = 4 \text{ kHz} \quad \Delta t = \frac{1}{2f_g} = \frac{1}{2 * 4 * 10^3} = 125 \mu\text{s}$$



# Kodovi i kodiranje



0	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0

Dvostruka pogreška

1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0

Trostruka pogreška

0	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	1	1
0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0

Dvostruka pogreška

0	1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	1

Četverostruka pogreška

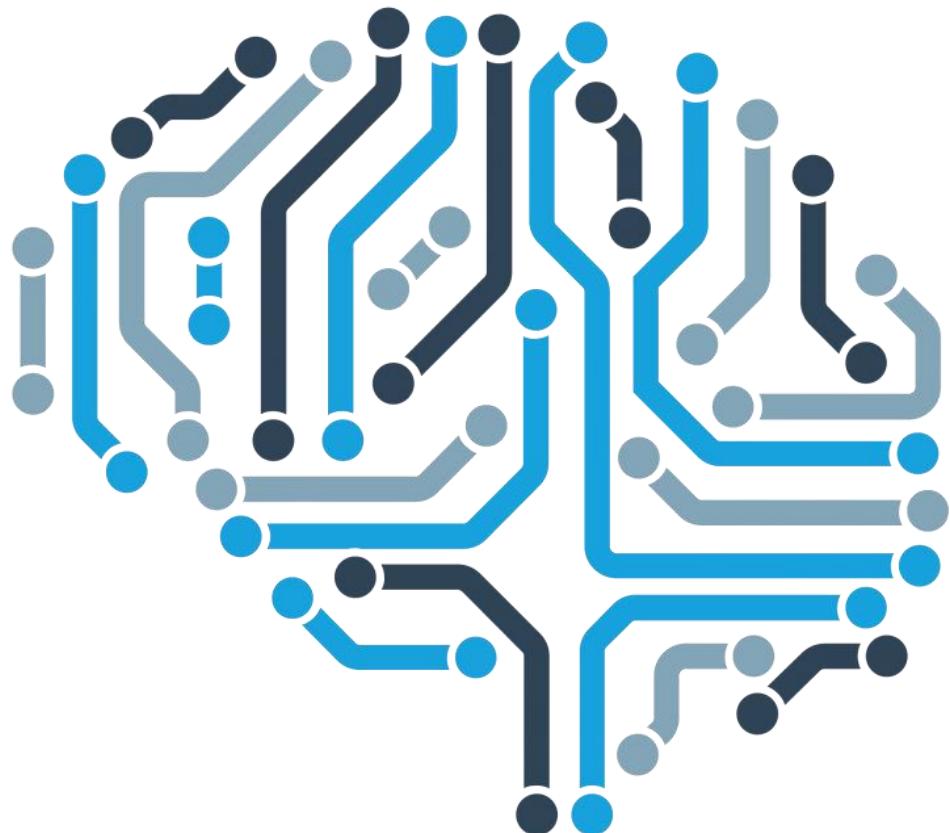


# Predstavljanje kolegija

**Sigurnost računalnih  
sistava i mreža**



# Kako ljudski mozak percipira problematiku sigurnosti?

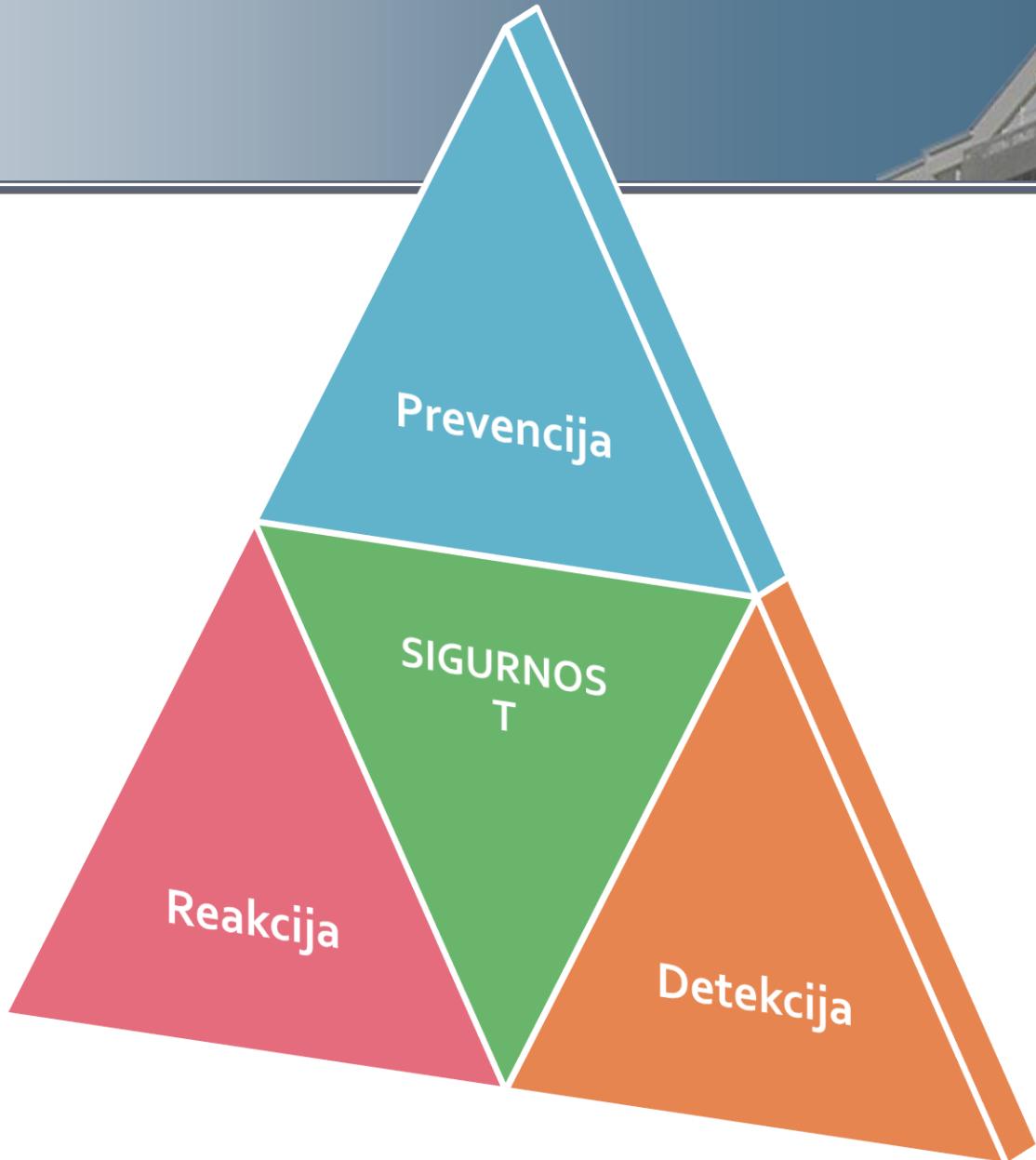




- 1) Koju biste opciju mogućeg dobitka radije izabrali:
  - a) siguran dobitak od 5000 kuna
  - b) mogući dobitak od 10000 kuna ili ništa  
(odlučuje se bacanjem novčića)



- 2) Koju biste opciju mogućeg gubitka radije izabrali:
- a) siguran gubitak od 5000 kuna
  - b) mogući gubitak od 10000 kuna ili ništa  
(odlučuje se bacanjem novčića)





Povjerljivost

Integritet

Sigurnost  
informacije

Raspoloživost

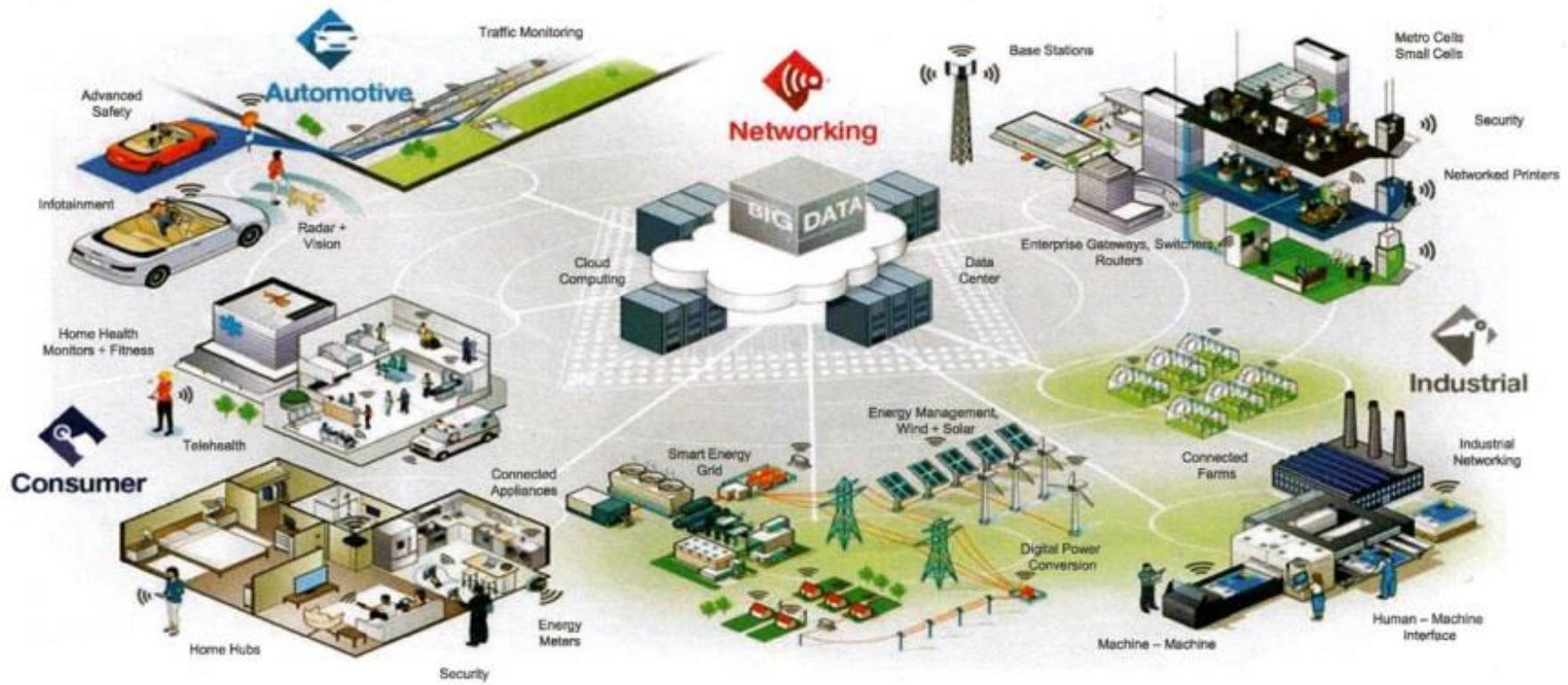
Autentičnost





# Internet of Things (IoT)

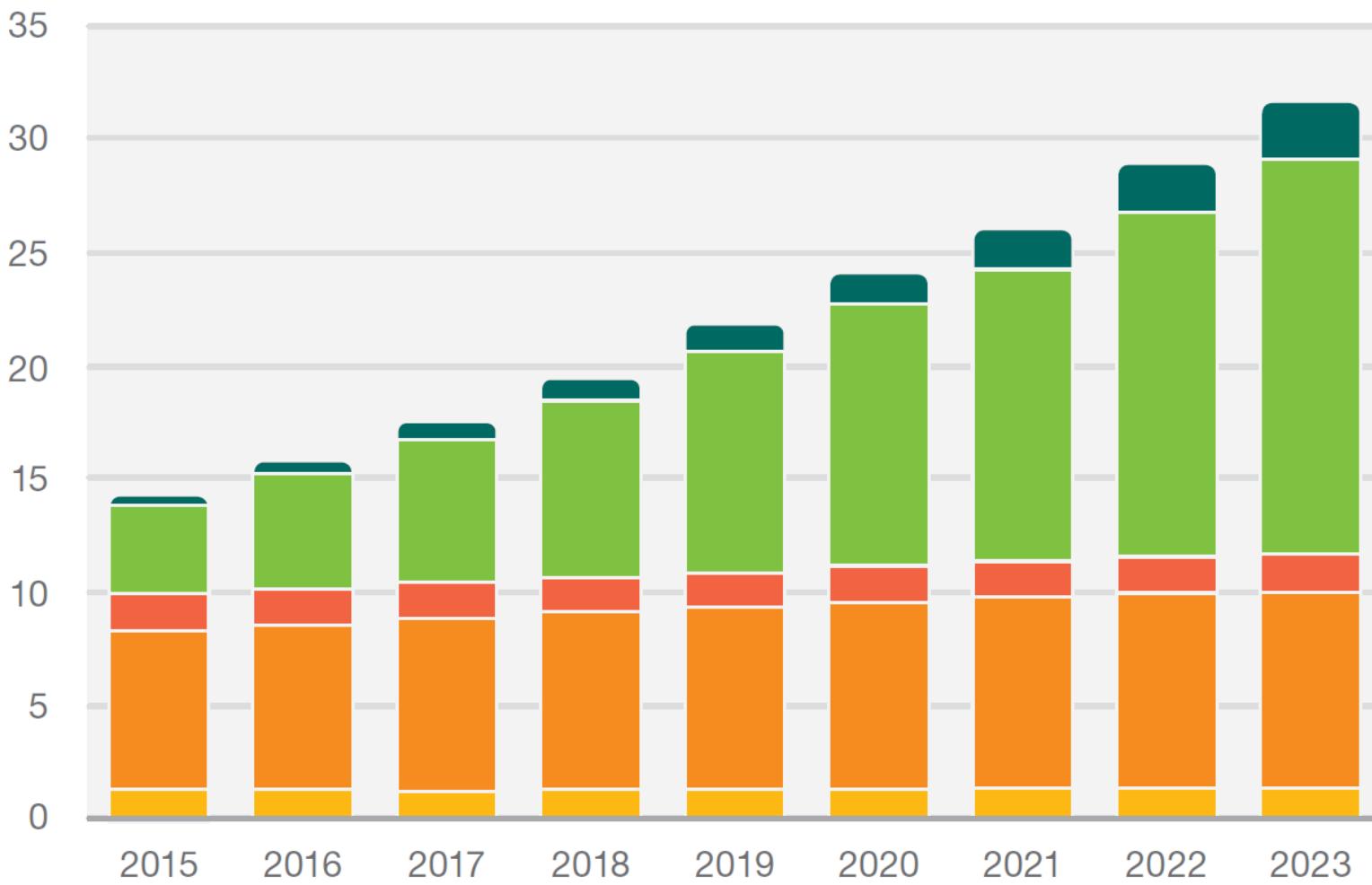
## The Internet of Things



([https://regmedia.co.uk/2014/05/06/freescale\\_internet\\_of\\_things\\_overview\\_1.jpg](https://regmedia.co.uk/2014/05/06/freescale_internet_of_things_overview_1.jpg))



# Broj umreženih uređaja (u milijardama)



(Ericsson Mobility Report, 2017)



# Broj umreženih uređaja (u milijardama)

	2017	2023	CAGR
Wide-area IoT	0.6	2.4	26%
Short-range IoT	6.4	17.4	18%
PC/laptop/tablet	1.6	1.7	0%
Mobile phones	7.5	8.8	3%
Fixed phones	1.4	1.3	0%

17.5  
billion

31.6  
billion

**CAGR – Compound  
Annual Growth Rate**

# „Pametni svijet”

## Air Pollution

Control of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of factories, pollution emitted by cars and toxic gases generated in farms.

## Forest Fire Detection

Monitoring of combustion gases and preemptive fire conditions to define alert zones.

## Wine Quality Enhancing

Monitoring soil moisture and trunk diameter in vineyards to control the amount of sugar in grapes and grapevine health.

## Offspring Care

Control of growing conditions of the offspring in animal farms to ensure its survival and health.

## Sportmen Care

Vital signs monitoring in high performance centers and fields.

## Structural Health

Monitoring of vibrations and material conditions in buildings, bridges and historical monuments.

## Quality of Shipment Conditions

Monitoring of vibrations, strokes, container openings or cold chain maintenance for insurance purposes.

## Smartphones Detection

Detect iPhone and Android devices and in general any device which works with WiFi or Bluetooth interfaces.

## Perimeter Access Control

Access control to restricted areas and detection of people in non-authorized areas.

## Radiation Levels

Distributed measurement of radiation levels in nuclear power stations surroundings to generate leakage alerts.

## Electromagnetic Levels

Measurement of the energy radiated by cell stations and WiFi routers.

## Traffic Congestion

Monitoring of vehicles and pedestrian affluence to optimize driving and walking routes.

## Water Quality

Study of water suitability in rivers and the sea for fauna and eligibility for drinkable use.

## Smart Roads

Warning messages and diversions according to climate conditions and unexpected events like accidents or traffic jams.

## Smart Lighting

Intelligent and weather adaptive lighting in street lights.

## Intelligent Shopping

Getting advices in the point of sale according to customer habits, preferences, presence of allergic components for them or expiring dates.

## Noise Urban Maps

Sound monitoring in bar areas and centric zones in real time.

## Water Leakages

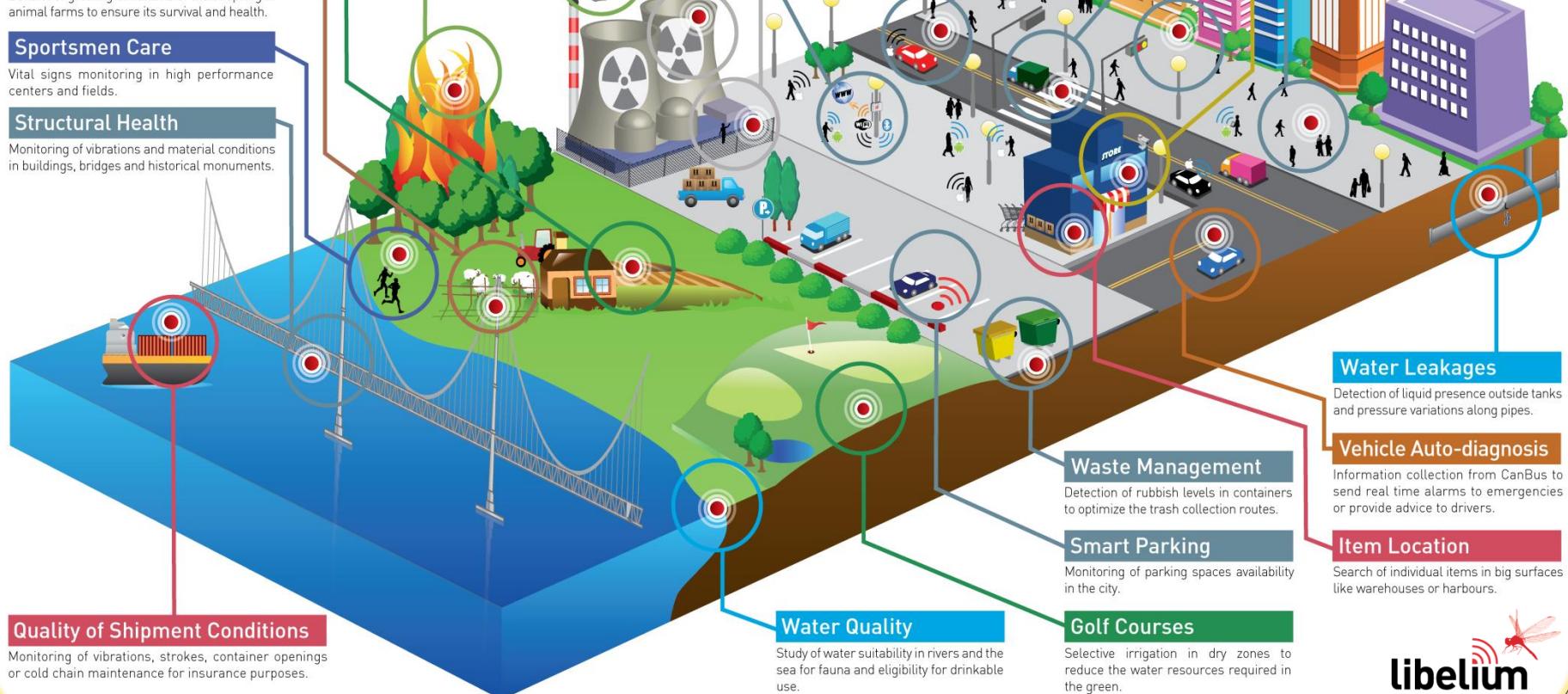
Detection of liquid presence outside tanks and pressure variations along pipes.

## Vehicle Auto-diagnosis

Information collection from CanBus to send real time alarms to emergencies or provide advice to drivers.

## Item Location

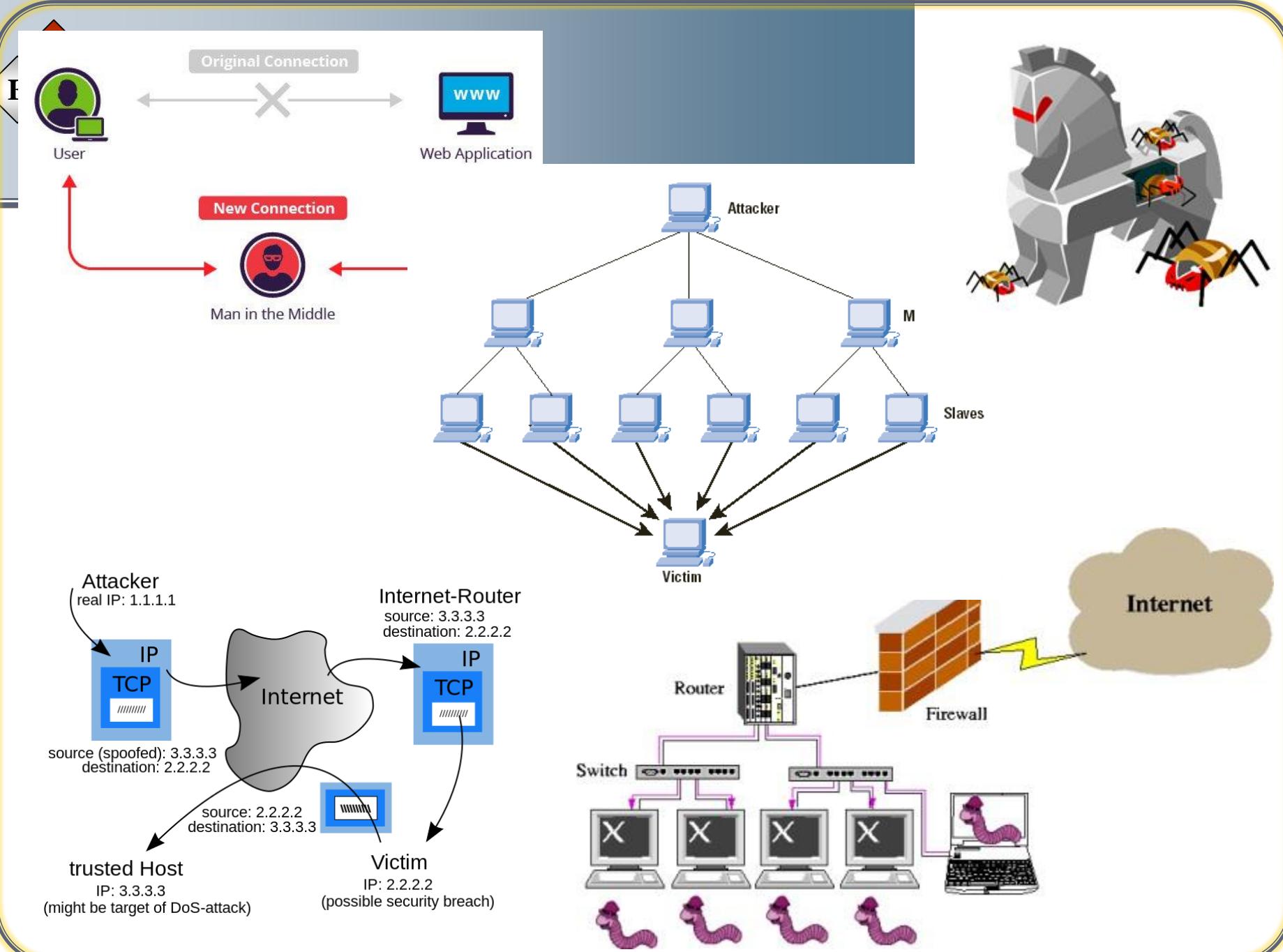
Search of individual items in big surfaces like warehouses or harbours.





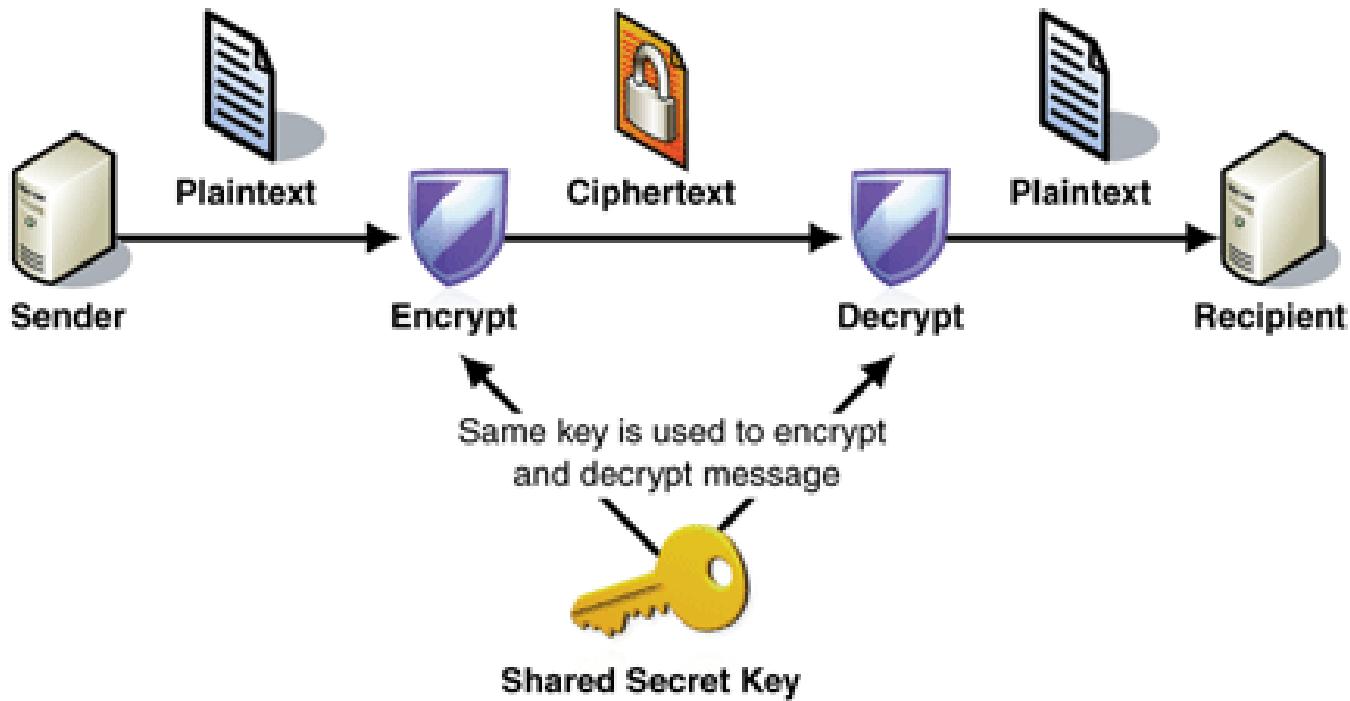
# Primjeri prijetnji u računalnim mrežama





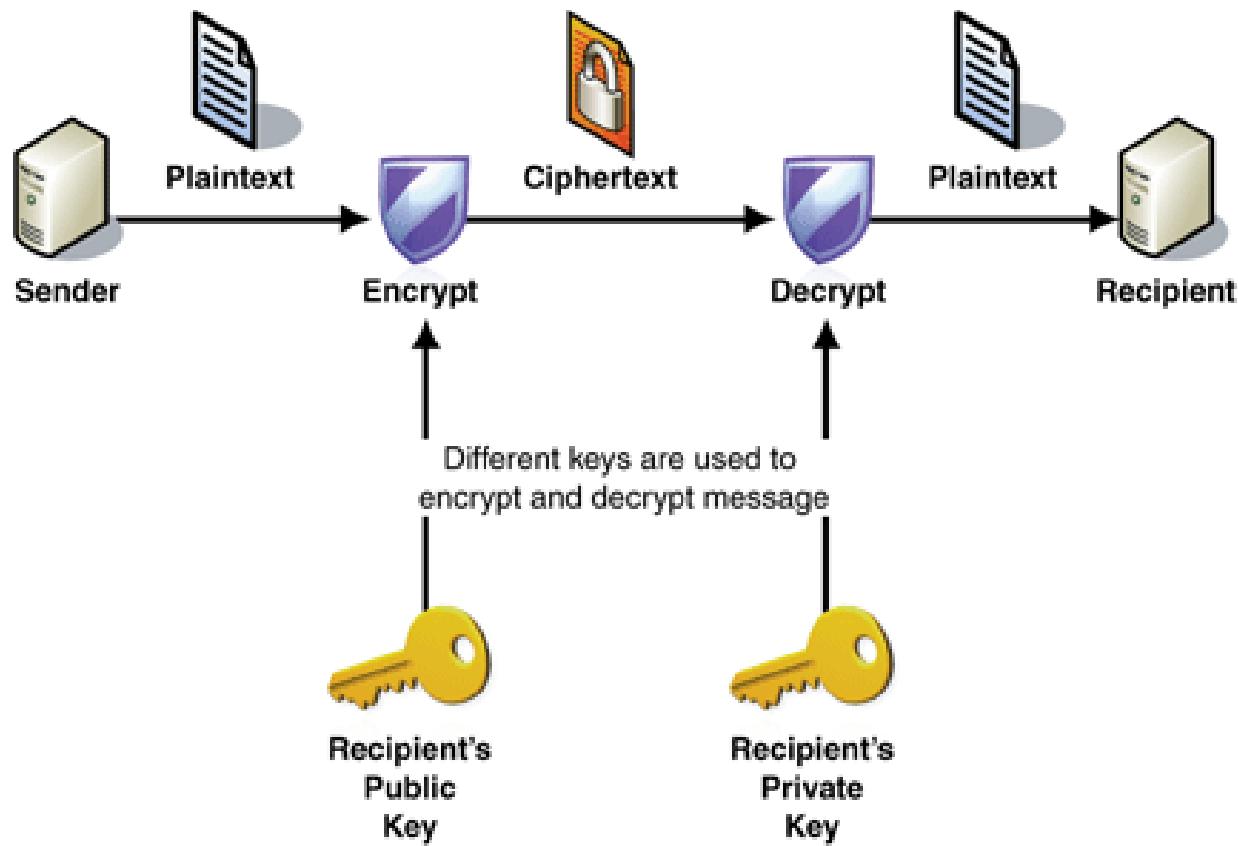


# Simetrične šifre



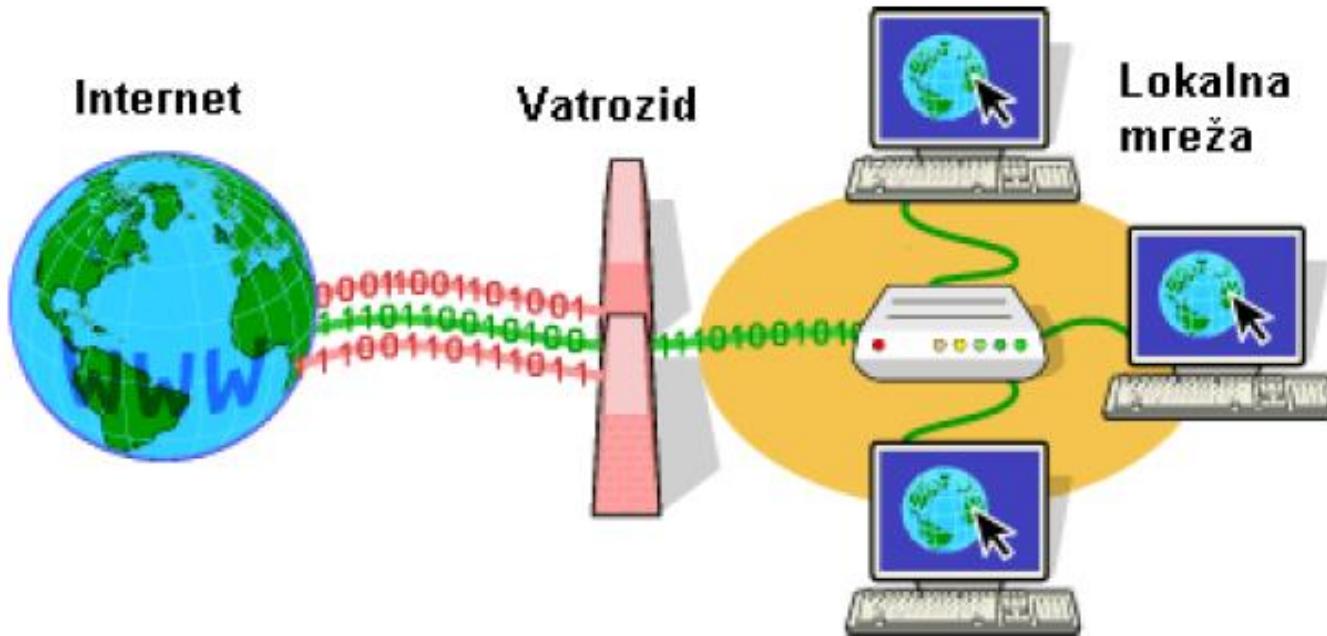


# Asimetrične šifre





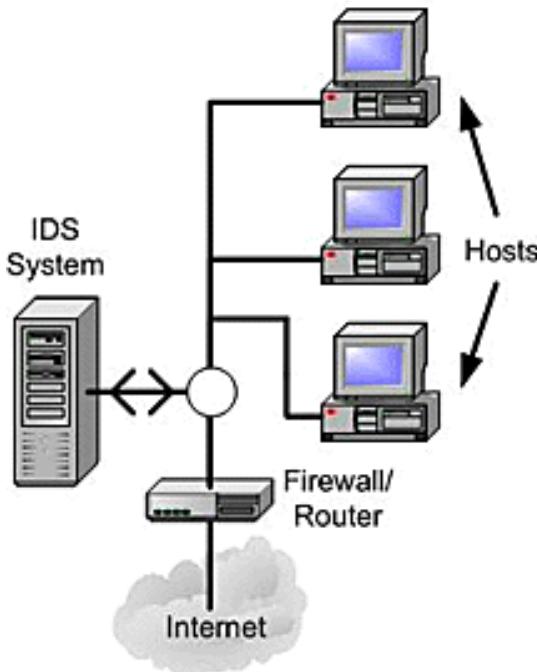
# Vatrozid (Firewall)



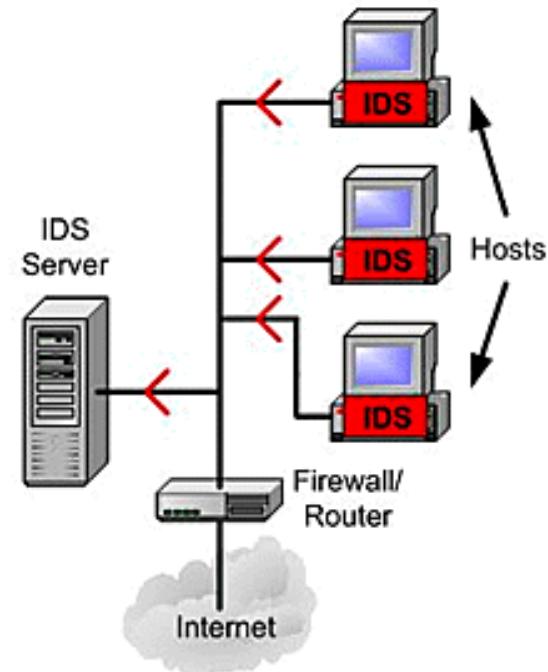


# Sustavi za otkrivanje upada

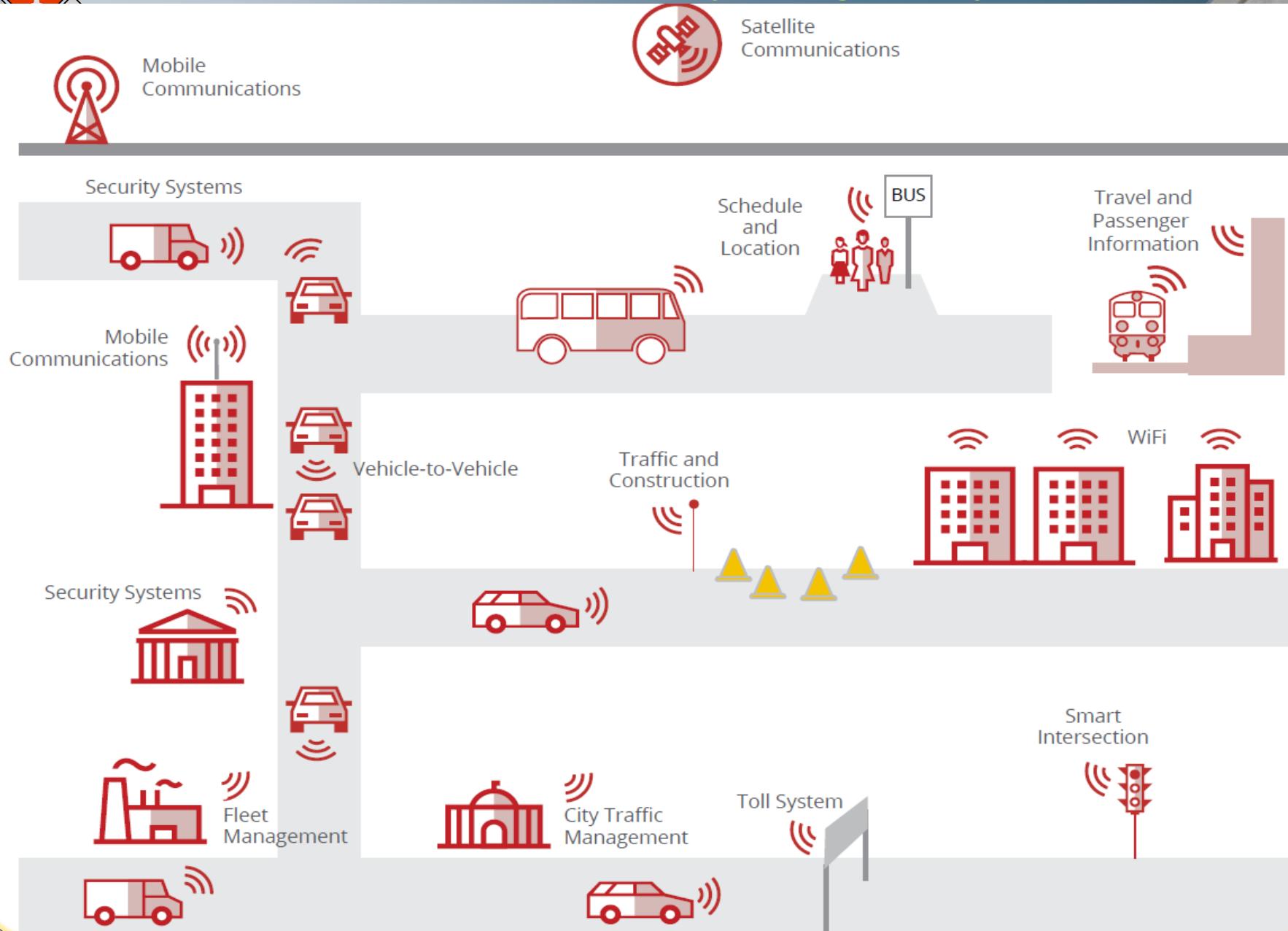
Network Based IDS



Host Based IDS



# Ekosustav i infrastruktura vozila sljedeće generacije





TECHNICAL WHITE PAPER

# Remote Exploitation of an Unaltered Passenger Vehicle

Chris Valasek, Director of Vehicle Security Research for IOActive  
chris.valasek@ioactive.com

Charlie Miller, Security Researcher for Twitter  
cmiller@openrce.org

[https://ioactive.com/pdfs/IOActive\\_Remote\\_Car\\_Hacking.pdf](https://ioactive.com/pdfs/IOActive_Remote_Car_Hacking.pdf)



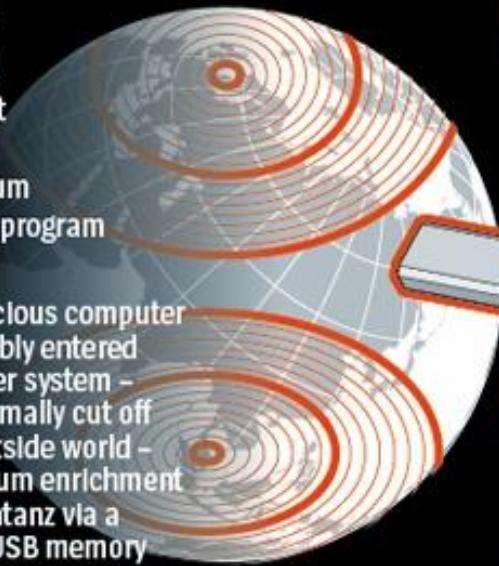
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OobLb1McxnI>



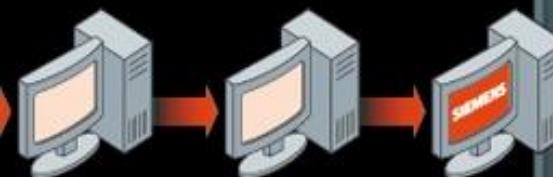
## Software Sabotage

How Stuxnet disrupted Iran's uranium enrichment program

**1** The malicious computer worm probably entered the computer system - which is normally cut off from the outside world - at the uranium enrichment facility in Natanz via a removable USB memory stick.



**2** The virus is controlled from servers in Denmark and Malaysia with the help of two Internet addresses, both registered to false names. The virus infects some 100,000 computers around the world.



**3** Stuxnet spreads through the system until it finds computers running the Siemens control software Step 7, which is responsible for regulating the rotational speed of the centrifuges.

**4** The computer worm varies the rotational speed of the centrifuges. This can destroy the centrifuges and impair uranium enrichment.



**5** The Stuxnet attacks start in June 2009. From this point on, the number of inoperative centrifuges increases sharply.



Source: IAEA, ISIS, FAS, World Nuclear Association, FT research

# 5 WAYS TO KEEP YOUR DATA SECURE



MAKE SURE YOUR EMPLOYEES KNOW WHAT THEY CAN AND CAN'T DO WITH COMPANY DATA. **UNINTENDED USE** CAN BE AN UNEXPECTED WAY TO HAVE A DATA BREACH.



KEEP AN ANTIVIRUS SOFTWARE ON ALL OF YOUR MACHINES. THE MOST EXPENSIVE VIRUS WORLDWIDE COST MORE THAN \$35 BILLION TO REMOVE.



BE AWARE OF HOW YOUR COMPANY USES SOCIAL MEDIA. MORE THAN 600,000 **SOCIAL MEDIA ACCOUNTS** ARE HIJACKED EVERY DAY.



KEEP YOUR PLUGINS UPDATED. JAVA OR ADOBE READER MAKE UP TO **99% OF COMPUTERS VULNERABLE** THROUGH SOFTWARE WEAKNESSES.



KNOW YOUR OWN PEOPLE. 59% OF EMPLOYEES TAKE **PROPRIETARY COMPANY INFORMATION** WITH THEM WHEN THEY LEAVE THEIR JOBS.



# 10 CYBERSECURITY TACTICS YOU SHOULD BE DOING NOW



**ONE**

PAY ATTENTION TO THE WARNINGS YOUR BROWSER IS FLASHING IN YOUR FACE

\*\*\*\*\*

**TWO**

HAVE A DIFFERENT, **UNIQUE** PASSWORD FOR EVERY ACCOUNT



**THREE**

KEEP PASSWORDS TOUGH ENOUGH TO GUESS THAT EVEN YOUR SPOUSE COULDN'T FIGURE THEM OUT



**FOUR**

**DO NOT CLICK** ON ANY LINKS THAT ARRIVE IN AN UNSOLICITED EMAIL, NO MATTER WHAT



**FIVE**

KEEP YOUR **BUSINESS** ACCOUNTS SEPARATE FROM YOUR **PERSONAL** ACCOUNTS

\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*

**SIX**

CHANGE YOUR PASSWORDS OFTEN



**SEVEN**

DO NOT TAPE ALL OF YOUR PASSWORDS ONTO YOUR MONITOR... SERIOUSLY

**EIGHT**

IF YOU'RE STRUGGLING TO REMEMBER YOUR PASSWORDS, GIVE **LASTPASS** OR **1PASSWORD** A TRY



**NINE**

KEEP ALL PERTINENT SECURITY SOFTWARE UP TO DATE

**TEN**

BACK UP YOUR COMPUTER AND SETTINGS OFTEN





## Za razmišljanje...



Kad me netko pita kako najbolje mogu opisati svoja iskustva od gotovo četrdeset godina na moru, jednostavno kažem neuobičajeno. Nikad nisam doživio nesreću bilo koje vrste o kojoj vrijedi razgovarati ... Nikad nisam video olupinu i nikada se nisam potopio, niti sam ikada bio u nevolji koja je prijetila da će završiti katastrofom bilo koje vrste.

**Edward John Smith**  
(kapetan broda RMS Titanic)  
Rođen: 1850, Hanley, Staffordshire,

A photograph showing a row of people in blue graduation gowns and caps, viewed from the side and slightly from behind. They appear to be seated in rows, possibly at a graduation ceremony.

Zavod za komunikacije





# FERIT OS



Hvala na pažnji!